

G. R. S. 58]

Previous references.

Σx 57 of 98

1900-01

(S.R.)

File No. 72 of 1900

Serial Nos. 1-6

Later references.

Σx 265 of 02

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1-6.

Major ~~Part B~~ for July 02

SUBJECT.

Rewards for detecting offences
against the Excise Act.

5778
Σx 241

4245
213

15-2-01.

From

The Excise Commissioner.

Solicit sanction to the grant of a
reward of Rs 100/- to Excise Inspector Muniraju
of Malur Taluk for having detected a case
of illicit distillation of arrack.

2.

6497-9
Ex 7.21-95

23-2-01.

To

The Excise Commissioner.

The Comptroller

" M. Magistrate of Kolar.

Sanctions the above reward of
Rs 100/- to the Excise Inspector Muniraju
of Malur taluk

3.

6391
Ex 289

201.

23-3-01.

From

The Dy. Comm.
Kolar.

Submits for information of
Govt. Copies of proceedings and Chief Court
order in regard to the inadequacy of sentence
in the case of illicit distillation of arrack
in the Malur taluk.

4.

8184-5
Ex 21-95

11-4-01.

To The Dy. Comm. Kolar.

The Excise Commr.

Records the above.

5.

16155
Ex 476

8556
413

17-6-02.

From The Excise Commr.

Requests sanction to the grant of
a medal to Narayanasamy Mudr. Excise Inspector
of Koppa.

6.

55.
Ex 21-95

To

15-7-02

The Excise Commr.

Sanctions the above.

K Rangaswami.

FILE No.	222 of
SERIAL No.	

Please see the 2nd Council's
queries of 30/6/02 on the
draft sanctioning the
grant of a silver
medal to Excise Inspector,
Narainaswami Mudaliar

extract in brief.

Section 50 of the old
Excise Regulation gave
an option to the Magistrate
to award a portion or
the whole of the fine
inflicted on the accused,
to the persons who contri-
buted to the successful
detection of Excise offences.
In the new Excise Regn.
which is based upon
the Madras Abkari Act
nothing is stated on
this point.

2. The practice hitherto
observed was: -

(1) In Cases where the
Magistrates allowed
no reward & in Cases
where the reward

allowed by the magistrates
were considered to
be insufficient rewards
out of Secret Service
funds used to be given
to the subordinates of
the Excise Department,
with the previous
sanction of Govt. whatever
might be the amount
of reward;

(2) but as regards
rewards to private
persons & officers of
other Departments
who contributed to
the detection of Excise
offences, the Excise Commr.
was empowered to
grant rewards on his
own authority to the
extent of Rs 50/- and
of sums above this,
with the sanction of Govt.

3. In the Police Dept.
the Inspector General
was empowered to grant

(1)
no 15651-2 & 23.3.95
RA. 81-93
Serial 8 of RA 81-93.

(2)

G.O. no. 653-54 & 16.7.00
J 67
Copy put up

rewards to the extent
of \$1000 on his own
authority & of higher
account with the
previous sanction of
Couch, irrespective of
the Department to which
the person entitled to
the reward belongs.

4. In the Forest Department, the Dy. Commrs of Districts are authorized to grant rewards upon the recommendation of the Magistrates, to the extent of Rs 25/- and in special Cases to a maximum extent of Rs 50/- in which latter Cases a report should be made to Govt. for their orders.

5. Apart from the
such rewards for
detection of offences &
rules in the Forest & Police
Department to provide
for the grant of rewards

for good service.

6. Rules similar to those in force in the Forest Dept^o may be introduced in the Excise Dept^o or the Excise Commr^y may be asked to submit a set of rules for the approval of Govt.

7. The maximum amount of reward hitherto sanctioned in the Excise Dept^o for the detection of ^{an} offence of illicit distillation under difficult circumstances is Rs 100/-

8. The value of the medal now proposed to be given to C.R. Narain-Singh Medalist is ascertained to be worth Rs 20/-. In this connection the Excise Commr^y emphasises the importance of

5
of giving rewards
in future in the shape
of medals instead of
in ready money.

Submitted to the 2nd Committee
for order. 9/7/02

True
9-7-02

Re
9-7-02

I think this has to be
dealt with as a special
case. For the future
we must have some-
thing either in the shape
of medals not money.
- direct with the
new Regulation or
if necessary an amend-
ment of the Regulation
itself. I have
revised the draft
order accordingly which
I have sent. There
is much in what
the Review Committee
has said as regards
our procedure instead
of having a special
case of every
recommendation
that might hereafter
come before us. -

Serial & then for-variant
with a Note 9/7/02

P.T.O.

10/7/02

(office note continued)

As directed above the
Excise Commr has now
submitted a draft of rule
with his letter under disposal,
~~regulating~~ for the grant of
rewards to persons who
help in the detection of offences
under Excise law. The
proposed rules are taken
from the Madras rules⁺
are ~~substantially~~ ^{substantially} the same as
those in Madras, except
the two rules marked

a copy of which is also
forwarded by the Excise Commr

J & T. ~~The rule draft~~
~~Rule~~ Rule 8 marked J
is added with the object of
securing police help, but a
similar rule is not found
in the Madras rules. As
regards ^{the insertion of} the last Rule marked
I, the Excise Commr has
already given his reason
in his letter no 8556 & 17.6.1902,
413
that rewarding the meritorious
and courageous services

x This seems out of place
here as the provision for the
same is made in the Regula-
tion itself (vide Sec 37 of
the Excise Regulation V of 1901)

Sl no 15 on
file no 21 of 1902

vide S. R. 26802 Services of Excise officers by the
grant of medals etc, instead of by
Cash payments, is Calculated to give
impetus to the members of the
Department.

Section 50 of 4. Regn. III of 1883-

Any Magistrate before whom
any person is convicted of
any offence under sections
35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41 or 43 may award
to any person who has contri-
buted in any way to such con-
viction the whole or any portion
of any fine imposed upon the
offender & paid by him or
realized from his property.

1900-1901

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 16th July 1900

No. 653-54
J. 67

Defining the powers of the Inspector General of Police in regard to expenditure under the heads "Secret Service" and "Rewards for Good Service."

SBP-24-7-1900-200

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore, Judicial, dated 16th July 1900.

READ—

Letter No. 2587—127, dated the 8th January 1900, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, requesting that the Comptroller may be authorized to admit the expenditure of Rs. 104-12-0 sanctioned by him for "Secret Service" in the French Rocks sub-division.

2. Letter No. 6452—2253, dated the 19th June 1900, from the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore, reporting upon the case brought to notice by the Inspector General of Police and suggesting that the Inspector General of Police may be authorized to sanction Rs. 50 under the head "Secret Service" in each case within the budget provision as in the case of "Rewards for good service."

3. Government Proceedings No. 5039-48—Cir. 105, dated the 11th August 1890, defining the powers of the Inspector General of Police in regard to expenditure under the head "Secret Service" and "Good Services."

No. 653-54—J. 67, DATED BANGALORE, 16TH JULY 1900.

ORDER THEREON—The Order of 11th August 1890 differentiates between rewards for "Secret Service" and rewards for "Good Service." It was naturally the intention of Government that the Head of the Police Department should have freer hand in respect of the former than in that of the latter. The Inspector General was accordingly authorized to sanction expenditure up to Rs. 100 under "Secret Service" while he was asked to submit to Government for special sanction every recommendation for the grant of a reward for good service irrespective of the amount involved. He felt the inconvenience of this Order as regards rewards for "Good Service" and accordingly made a representation to Government, who in Proceedings No. 15858-8½—J. F. 371-92, dated 19th March 1894 authorized him to pay, without their previous sanction, rewards of this description to the extent of Rs. 50 in each case within the limit of the budget grant. Previously to that Order, he had in the one case power to grant a reward up to Rs. 100 while in the other he had none at all. The latter disability was removed and power was given to him to the extent of Rs. 50. The Order of 11th August 1890 does not use the words "in each case" as the Order of 19th March 1894 does. But it was certainly not intended that the Inspector General should not have larger powers much less that he should have smaller powers in the matter of rewards for "Secret Service" than in that of rewards for "Good Service." Government agree with the opinion of the Inspector General that he is entitled to sanction rewards in each case under the former head to the extent of Rs. 100 subject of course to the condition that the total budget allotment is not exceeded without previous sanction. To remove all doubt and ambiguity on the point, they are now pleased to lay down that the Inspector General's powers are limited to Rs. 100 in each case of reward for "Secret Service" and to Rs. 50 in each case of reward for "Good Service."

C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
The Comptroller to the Government of Mysore.

Exd.—H.A.R.

1900-1901

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

F O R E S T

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 21st January 1901

No. ⁴⁵⁷
Ft. F. 15-1900

Directing the publication of Notification formulating rules for the grant of rewards to informers and others under the Mysore Forest Regulation, XI of 1900.

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore, Forest, dated 21st January 1901.

No. 457—Ft. F. 15-1900, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST JANUARY 1901.

ORDER—The Government are pleased to direct that the following Notification formulating rules for the grant of rewards to informers and others under the Mysore Forest Regulation, XI of 1900, be published in the *Mysore Gazette*.

J. L. PIGOT,

Secy. to Govt., Forest Dept.

To—The Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 458—Ft. F. 15-1900, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST JANUARY 1901.

Rules for the grant of rewards to informers and others who may render service to Government by detecting or preventing breaches of the Forest Laws.

The following rules framed by Government under Section 76 (d) of the Mysore Forest Regulation (1900) are issued for general information and guidance. So much of Notification No. 206, dated 9th October 1889, as concerns the grant of rewards in Forest cases, is hereby cancelled.

1. All non-gazetted officers of Government in the Revenue, Forest, Police and other Departments, as well as persons not in the employ of Government, are eligible for rewards under these rules.

2. In any case in which any person or persons have been convicted of an offence against the Forest Laws and a penalty or confiscation has been imposed or realised, the Deputy Commissioner of the district in which the offence was committed may (upon the recommendation of the Magistrate who convicted the offender or otherwise) grant, in such proportions as he may think fit, to any person or persons who may have contributed to the conviction of the offender or offenders, or to the seizure of the property confiscated, a reward not exceeding the estimated value of the forest produce confiscated, *plus* the estimated value of any other article confiscated in the same case *plus* the amount of any fine imposed therein.

Provided always that the aggregate amount of the rewards thus granted in any one case shall not exceed Rs. 50.

The term "Forest Laws" includes the ordinary Penal Laws of the country when they are utilised in the interests of forest conservancy.

3. If after payment of the reward, the conviction should be reversed in appeal, the amount of the reward shall not be recovered, unless it shall appear that the person or persons rewarded have acted fraudulently.

4. Any Forest Officer, not below the rank of a Forester, may, if prosecuting the case and upon conviction of the offender, apply to the Magistrate to recommend the grant of a reward under Rule 2.

5. In any case in which any person or persons have been convicted of an offence against the Forest Laws but in which no penalty has been imposed or, if imposed, has not been realised; or in which any person has performed any service of special merit in respect of the prevention or detection of any such offence, rewards may be granted by the Deputy Commissioner of the district to an aggregate amount not exceeding Rs. 25.

6. If in any case it is thought desirable to grant rewards in excess of the amount which, under the above rules, may be awarded, the maximum amount admissible may be paid and the matter thereafter be reported for the orders of Government.

7. Deputy Commissioners are empowered to grant special rewards up to Rs. 10 for good service in regard to forest offences not covered by the foregoing rules: provided that no reward shall be given under this rule for services in connection with forest fires.

8. In case the Deputy Commissioner has not at his disposal a fund out of which the reward can be paid, the District Forest Officer shall, on requisition, furnish the necessary funds.

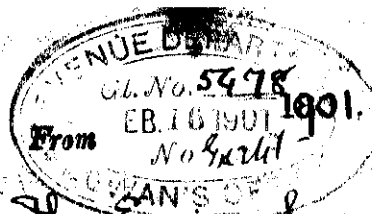
By Order,

J. L. PIGOT,

Secy. to Govt., Forest Dept.

S. S. S. S. S.
with draft. Rk 19/2/01

FILE No.	22 of 08-01
SERIAL No.	1



(11)

The Secret Commissioner
in Mysore.

To
The Secretary to Govt. of Mysore
General and Revenue Depts.

Dated 31st January

Despatched 15/2/1901.

Received

General No. 4245
No. 213

Enclosure No.

Subject

Solicits sanction to the grant
of a reward of Rs 100/- to Excise
Inspector muniraju of Malur
Taluk for having successfully
detected a difficult case of
illicit distillation of arrack.

Rev. E.

16-2-01

Submitted with draft
for approval or orders.

Excise Commissioner's Office

No. $\frac{4245}{213}$

Bangalore, Dated $\frac{31^{st} \text{ January } 1901.}{15/2}$

At Home

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to Government of Mysore
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

I have the honor to state that on reliable information being received that a gang of bad characters armed with deadly weapons were habitually carrying on illicit distillation of —
arrack in several villages of the Malur taluk bordering on the Belkhegolyapet, Salem District. Excise Inspector Muniraju of the Malur circle took necessary steps in September 1900, and in a village called Bediseethihalli which is — about half a mile from British frontier, he caught three persons who possessed a still and other apparatus, a quantity of arrack which varied in strength from 29.2° n. Plo 44.6° n. l. and also a quantity of wash;

and placed them for trial before the ² Amildar Magistrate of Malur, who convicted them and sentenced one of them to undergo fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs 30/- and the remaining two to pay a fine of Rs 20/- each, and in default of payment of the fine to suffer one month's rigorous imprisonment. Considering the gravity of the offence, the punishments inflicted by the Magistrate are very inadequate. This fact has been brought to the notice of the District Magistrate for necessary action.

2. The parties concerned in this case are desperate characters, one of them being related to Xangundi Pallegar. The tract in which Bedasetthalli village where the illicit manufacture of arrack was carried on, is situated is hilly; and Beders who are addicted to drinking arrack, form the bulk of the population. The locality being close to British frontier and inhabited by desperate characters, the detection of the case was very difficult.

Under

Under Such circumstances, Suitable recognition of the good work done in this case by Excise Inspector Memiraju, is necessary to encourage him for further exertions. Accordingly I beg to solicit sanction to grant the Inspector a special reward of Rupees one hundred, the charge being debited to the available balance of Rs 453/- under the head - "Rewards and Secret Service" in the - current year's Excise Budget.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant.

Memiraju
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

4

draft for approval

SECTION	<u>cto L.R.</u>
FILE No.	<u>22 of 00-01</u>
SERIAL No.	<u>2</u>

order 12

Read:—

Subd to 29/2
20/2/01

Letter no. 4245
213

dated 31st January 1901
15th February

from the Excise Commr in Mysore soliciting sanction for a special reward of Rs 100/- being granted to the Excise Inspector Minicajji of the Malur circle for having successfully detected a case of illicit distillation under very difficult circumstances in the Bedisettihalli village which is close to British frontier (Salem District) and inhabited by desperate characters.

20/2/01
21/2/1901
2 p.m.
21/2/01

✓
No 6497-3 23/2/01 -
9.7. 21-95
23

order

Order thereon:—

Government are
pleased to sanction
a reward of Rs 100/-
to the Excise Inspector
Municipal, as recommended
by the Excise Commtee,
the charge being met from
the available balance
under the head "Rewards
and Secret Service" in
the current year's Excise
Budget.

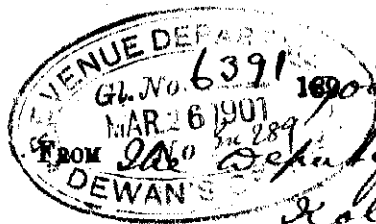
The action taken
20/2/01.
Secretary

by the District Magistrate
The Excise Commtee reference
to the inadequacy of
the punishment inflicted
by the District Magistrate
should be reported for
the information of
Govt. &c.

Ke
20/2/01.

To

The Excise Commtee.
Comptroller, M. G.
The District Magistrate
of Holan.



13

SECTION	<u>cls S.R.</u>
FILE NO.	<u>72 of 00-01</u>
SERIAL	<u>3</u>

To The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
Revenue & General Department

Dated 23 } March 901.
Despatched 25 }

Received

General No. 201
No.

Enclosure No. Two.

Submitting for the
information of Government
copies of my proceedings
and Chief Court order in re.
the inadequacy of sentence
in the case of illicit
distillation of arrack in
the Malur Taluk.

R
26.3.01

No. 201
Enc Two.

Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District
Dated 23rd March 1901.
25

From
The Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District.

To
The Secretary to the Government
of Mysore
Revenue and General Departments.

Sir,
With reference to para 2 of the
Government Proceedings No. 6497-9
Ex 7. 21-95
dated 23rd February 1901, I have the
honor to submit herewith for information
of Government, copies of my reference
to the Chief Court and their order thereon
in re - the inadequacy of the sentence in
the case of the illicit distillation of
arrack in the Malw Dabuk.

I have the honor to be
Sir.

Your most obedient Servant

K. Srinivasan
Jr. Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District

N^o 903
245-

In the Chief Court of Mysore at Bangalore

Thursday the 10th day of January 1901.

Present.

Mr Justice J. W. Best Chief Judge

and

Mr Justice T. Karahari Row. Judge.

Revision Case No. 48 of 1900-01.

* No 255 dated
20th November 1900.

In the matter of a reference from the District Magistrate of Kolara in the case of Dhunimaraya and two others, accused in Criminal Case No. 41 of 1900 at on the file of the Amildar and 2nd class Magistrate of Malur.

Order.

The punishment seems adequate for a first conviction.

The record will be returned with the above remark.

a true copy

(Signed) A Rajaratna Mudaliar
Registrar

Copy'

Witness my
Hand & Seal this

Proceedings of the District Magistrate
of Kolar.

This day of November 1900.

Read: Record in Criminal Case No. 41
of 1900. 1901 in the file of the Amildar
and 2nd class Magistrate of Malur -
accused Shunimuraya, 2 Chik Venkatiga & 3
Yellappa, sent for on the motion of the
Excise Commissioner.

This is a case of illicit distillation
of arrack in the Bedisettyhalli village, Itula.
denahalli Hobli of the Malur Taluk. The
Case is this.

The 1st witness for prosecution is the
Alekari Inspector. He had information that
illicit distillation of arrack was going on
in the village for the last 2 years. On the night
of 9th September 1900, he received information
that the 1st accused went to Bedisettyhalli
from Drunasi with a still head. Immediately
he proceeded to the village with the Police Officer
of Draseti and lay in wait near the village.
At about 4 A.M. ~~that~~ the 1st accused scaled
the compound wall of the village and was seen
running with a bundle on his head. He was
pursued and arrested near a coconut
garden of Drunasi village. A still head,
two bottles containing ~~arrack~~ ~~the~~ ~~was~~ ~~found~~

on him. The 1st accused stated to the Abhari
Inspector that he had been to the 2nd accused's
house in the Beda setthalli Village, to manufacture
liquor and that the 3rd accused had also
joined them. The excise Inspector & the
Police Suddar went to the 2nd accused's house
at Beda setthalli. The 1st accused pointed
out the spot where the arrack was manufactured.
There was fire in the hearth. There were some
earthen pots connected with the manufacture
& some liquor. The 3rd accused's house was
then searched and a bottle containing arrack
was found.

The 1st accused is a Doti of a different
Village. The 2nd accused is a Bedar & son
of the Potel & the 3rd accused is a kumbhar
by caste.

These three accused persons were placed
before the Magistrate. The 1st & 2nd accused
admitted the manufacture of arrack
along with the 3rd accused, while the latter
stated that he saw the 1st and 2nd accused
working and warned them of the consequences
but that he did not inform any one of this.

The Magistrate held that the 2nd accused
was liable to more severe punishment
than the 1st and 3rd. He accordingly convicted
them under Section 35 of the Excise Regulation
and sentenced the 2nd accused to 15 days
rigorous

rigorous imprisonment and 30 Rs fine, or in default done months additional rigorous imprisonment; and the 1st and 3^d accused to pay a fine of Rs 30 Rs each or in default done months rigorous imprisonment

The maximum punishment provided for the offence is 6 months imprisonment or 1000 Rs fine.

12 1000 Rs fine.

The case is a serious one and its detection is not at all easy. If such cases be left undetected, the Govt Revenue will suffer. In all such cases, it is desirable that the punishment awarded should be exemplary and have a deterrent effect. In the present case the punishment awarded is not adequate.

- If he submitted

The record of the case will be submitted to the chief Court for enhancement of punishment under Section 439 of the Criminal Procedure Code with an abstract translation of the evidence.

(Sine L) F. C. Carr
District Magistrate

Copy

Reuben success
for the Woman's franchise

Draft for reply

14

ACTION Ch. S. R.
FILE No. 72 of 00-01
SERIAL No. 4

Read:-

Letter no 201 dated
23/25th March 1901 from
the Deputy Commr^r, Kolar
District, ^{reporting} ~~submitting~~ with
reference to Govt. Proce^s
no. 6497-9 dated 23rd
Ex. 7. 21-95
February 1901, copies of
his communication to the
Chief Court and their order
~~order~~ thereon in re the
~~inadequacy~~ inadequacy
of the sentence passed
in the case of the illicit
distillation of arrack
in the Malur Taluk.

A That, in a case of
illicit distillation in
which he considered that
the punishment inflicted
by the Taluk Magistrate
was inadequate & moved
the Chief Court for a
reversion of the sentence, the
Chief Court have declined
to interfere.

To The Dy. Commr, Kolar Dt.
" Excise Commr

8154-5-
Order thereon 8074-5
Ex. 7. 21-95
11/4/01
Recorded
Subd to
The 2nd Lt
2/4/01
Secretary
3/4/01

101 4/6/1901

158. 4.476

1902

15

12

FROM P. N. Rammaya Esquire B.A;

Excise Commissioner in Mysore

To H. V. Narayundiah Esquire M.A; M.L;

Secretary to Government.

General and Revenue Dept

Dated 17/6 June 1902.

Despatched 23- do-

Received

General No. 8556

No. 413

Enclosure No.

with one silver medal

Subject.

Requests the sanction of Government to grant the accompanying silver medal to Excise Inspector Narayana-swamy Moodliar, for having successfully detected a desperate gang of illicit distillers in the Koppa Taluk.

Encl

24.6.12

Genl Records

Please put up AT 81-93 & 721-75

24/6/02

Files put up

24/6/02

24/6/02

Submitted with a draft

24/6/02

SECTION 45 S.R.
FILE NO. 12 of 00-01
SERIAL NO. 5

Excise Commissioner's Office

Bangalore, dated 17/12 June 1902
232

No. $\frac{5556}{413}$ with one Silver medal.

From

P. R. Purnaiya Esquire B. A;

Excise Commissioner in Mysore

To

H. V. Narayandiah Esquire M. A; M.

Secretary to Government

General and Revenue Dept.

Sir,

I have the honor to request the sanction of Government to grant the accompanying silver medal to Excise Inspector Narayana Swamy ~~modi~~ for having successfully detected a desperate gang of ~~offenders~~ who were carrying on illicitly ^{the} manufacture of arrack in the Koppa taluk. I am of opinion that rewarding the meritorious and courageous services of Excise officers by the grant of medals instead of by cash payments, is calculated to give better impetus to the members of the department.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant

M. Duraiswami

Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

Read:—

16/4

SECTION	25/P.
FILE No.	12 of 00-01
SERIAL No.	6

Letter no. 8556/413

7/23/Junc 1902 from
the Excise Commr in

Mysore requesting
sanction to grant
the accompanying
silver medal to
Excise Inspector C. R.
Narayana Swami
Medallion, as a reward
for his having
successfully detected
a desperate gang
of illicit distillers
in the Koppa Taluk
and stating that
the reward of the
kind now proposed
instead of by Cash
payments, is cal-
culated to give
better impetus

I, there nothing in the
Rule 3. What in the
reward is admissible
in this case, and
what is the value of
the medal proposed
to be granted? Is
no modification of
the Rule necessary
so as to provide for
this award? (as the
office have
given me same informa-
tion as the above
no note marked?)

30/6/02

12/30/6/02
M

to the members of
the Excise Dept

Order thereon: No 55
4721-75 Excise Manual

By 15/7/02

The proposed award
& recall of a medal in the present case
is sanctioned, with a request that a Draft
of Rule, not inconsistent with
the provisions of the Regulations should be given
as a basis for the sanction of Govt, subject
to the Excise Commr's
opinion on the
award medal of the
Regulation itself
is required in which
case Govt would
be glad to give his
views on the subject
with the reasons
therefor then due
consideration

Off. Secy

Excise Commr
with the medal

Subd to the 2^d 1/2

28/6/02

10/7/02